

¡Holiuuuuuu, my dearest students of 5º Grade!

I miss you a lot and I hope we go back to the school as soon as posible.

Anyway, how are you and your family? I hope you are all well. As we will have to stay at home longer, we should continue through our journey to the music periods. Then, let's start the new unit!



Si tenéis cualquier duda, escribidme a este correo: Angela.solisyubero@educa.madrid.org

CHALLENGE

Do you recognize this piece?

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=uWYmUZTYE78>

This piece was composed by Mozart, one of the most important composers of this time.

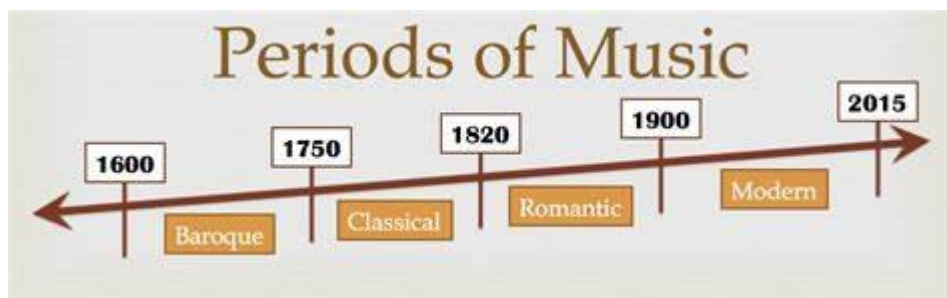


UNIT: ¿MARCIANOS O MOZARTIANOS?

Classicism (Clasicismo)

When was Classical time or Classicism?

Take a look and learn when Classicism started and finished



Middle Ages (Edad Media): 5th century – 15th century (siglo V – XV)

Renaissance (Renacimiento): 1550 – 1600 (16th century – siglo XVI)

Baroque (Barroco): 1600 -1750 (17th century – siglo XVII)

Classicism (Clasicismo): 1750 – 1820 (18th century - siglo XVIII)

CURIOSITIES OF THIS TIME

1º. It also was called the **century of Light (El siglo de las luces)**

Why???

Because people don't believe in legends, in magic anymore.

It's the time of **science!**



2º An important event happened in Europe in this time:

The French Revolution or La Revolución Francesa

Poor people fight against those who had the privileges.

They fight for their rights.

Freedom – equality – fraternity

Libertad – igualdad - fraternidad



CLASSICAL MUSIC



| Differences | |
|--|--|
| Baroque | Classicism |
| Music for a few Música para unos pocos | Music for everyone Música para todos |
| Complex melodies with ornaments Melodías complicadas con adornos (trémolo) | Melodías sencillas |
| Instrumento: el clavicordio (siempre suena igual, ni más fuerte ni más suave) | El pianoforte (más evolucionado que el clavicordio. Consigue sonidos fuertes y débiles) |
| Composers: Vivaldi, Bach, Haendel... | Composers: Mozart, Haydn, Beethoven... |
| | CHAMBER MUSIC – MÚSICA DE CÁMARA |

CHAMBER MUSIC

- It's called "Música de cámara" in Spanish.
- It's music for little ensembles (música para pequeñas agrupaciones):
 - ❖ Duo: two instruments.
 - ❖ Trio: three instruments.
 - ❖ Quartet: four instruments.
 - ❖ Quintet: five instruments
- One of the members acts like conductor without playing (uno de los miembros actúa como director sin parar de tocar)